

Cell Organelle Notes

The basic units of structure and function of living things are **CELLS**. The structures that make up a cell are called **ORGANELLES**. While looking at a slice of cork under the microscope, Robert Hooke discovered **CELLS**.

Structures and Functions of Cell Organelle

The cytoplasm looks like **Jello. (a jelly like substance.** Cytoplasm is constantly moving.

The cell membrane is found in both **PLANT** and **ANIMAL** cells. It has two main jobs,
1. CHOOSE WHAT COMES IN AND OUT OF THE CELL.
2. PROVIDE A PROTECTIVE COVERING TO KEEP THE ORGANELLES INSIDE.

Examples of things that pass in and out of the cell membrane are **FOOD, WATER, WASTES.** In a plant cell the cell membrane is found **UNDER THE CELL WALL. THE CELL WALL IS ON THE OUTSIDE OF A PLANT CELL.**

In an animal cell the cell membrane is found **ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE CELL. IT IS THE OUTER COVERING OF AN ANIMAL CELL.**

The nucleus is the control center of the cell. Inside the nucleus you will find **CHROMOSOMES** Chromosomes direct all activities of the cell including **HEREDITY, RECIPE FOR PROTEINS, DIRECT ALL MAJOR ACTIVITIES FOR THE CELL.**

Chromosomes are made of **DNA (DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACID)**

The mitochondria are known as the **POWERHOUSE** of the cell. They provide the cell with **ENERGY.**

Ribosomes are also found in both **PLANT** and **ANIMAL** cells. Their main function is to **READ THE RECIPE FROM THE DNA TO MAKE PROTEINS.** They can be found attached to the **ER** or floating in the **CYTOPLASM** .

The endoplasmic reticulum or for short the E.R, is found in both PLANT and ANIMAL cells. One of its functions is to PROVIDE TRANSPORTATION FOR THE MOVEMENT OF THE RIBOSOMES.

Lysosomes are considered the CLEAN UP CREWS for the cell. They have two main functions. One is to DIGEST OLD CELL PARTS
The other is to **USE ENZYMES TO BREAK DOWN WASTE.**

Vacuoles are found in **PLANT** and **ANIMAL** cells The only difference is in plant cells there is usually only 1 **LARGE** vacuole. In animal cells there are more vacuoles and they are **SMALLER** Chloroplast is only found in **PLANT** cells.

They contain green chlorophyll. Chlorophyll captures the **ENERGY** from the sun which helps the plant in the process of **PHOTOSYNTHESIS**. Photosynthesis is the process of plants making their own food.

In multicellular organisms cells work together. Cells join together to form **TISSUES**. Tissues work together to form **ORGANS**. Together organs make up **ORGAN SYSTEMS** and organ systems make up **AN ORGANISM**. One organ system in your body is the **DIGESTIVE**, it is responsible for **DIGESTING FOOD**.

Therefore, the main differences between plant and animal cells are:

1. PLANT CELLS ARE MORE SQUARE SHAPED

2. PLANT CELLS CONTAIN CHLOROPLAST

3. PLANT CELLS HAVE ONE REALLY LARGE VACUOLE

4. PLANT CELLS PERFORM PHOTOSYNTHESIS

5. PLANT CELLS HAVE A CELL WALL.

6. THE OUTER COVERING OF A PLANT CELL IS THE CELL WALL. THE OUTER COVERING OF AN ANIMAL CELL IS THE CELL MEMBRANE.